

# Evolution of Dynamic Feature Usage in PHP

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http://www.rascal-mpl.org

### PHP Analysis in Rascal (PHP AiR)

- PHP AiR: a framework for PHP source code analysis
- Domains:
  - Program analysis (static/dynamic)
  - Software metrics
  - Empirical software engineering



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#### What do we want? Soundness, precision...

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- Example: static taint analysis
- Sound: we don't want false negatives
  - We want to find all possible uses of "tainted" values in securityconscious code
- Precise: we don't want false positives
  - We don't want to report errors that are not *real* errors, i.e., that cannot cause problems at runtime

#### So, what's the problem?

- Soundness and precision often conflict!
- We need to make engineering trade-offs to build realistic tools, make tools "soundy" and more precise
- We need to do this carefully, based on evidence:
  - Which features do we have to support?
  - Do we have to support dynamic features in their full generality?
  - Can we find patterns that we can exploit to help?

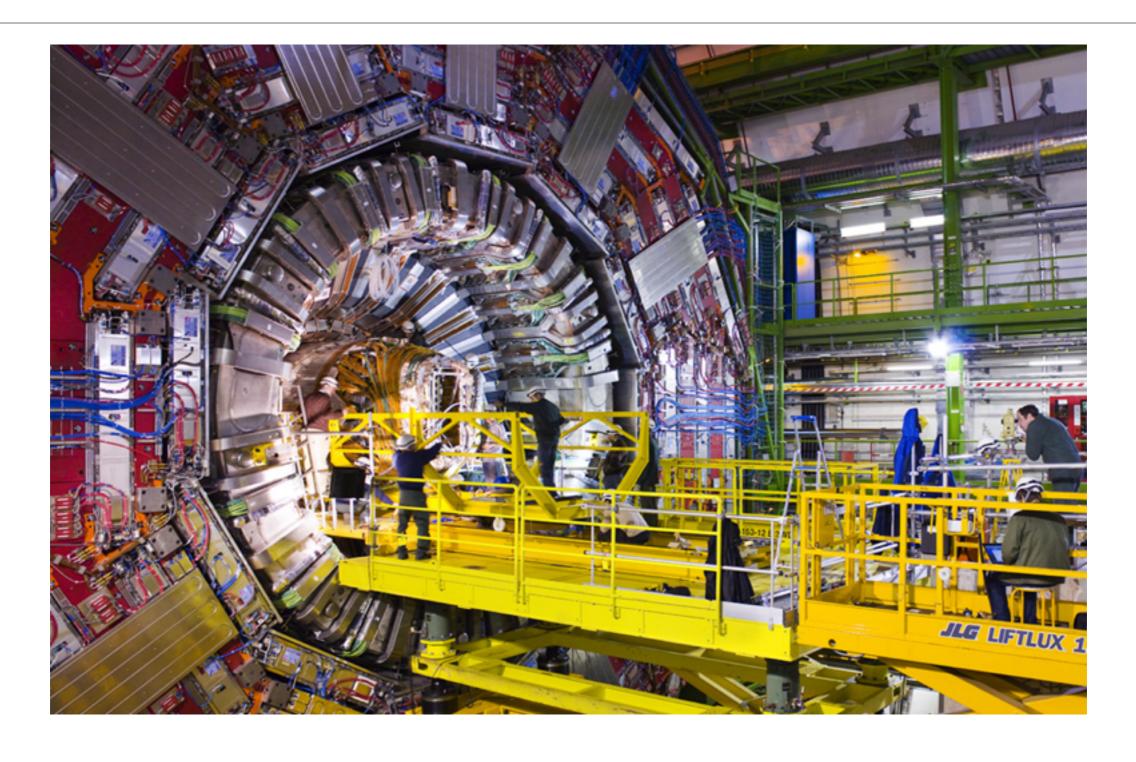


#### Here: determine usage patterns over time



- How has the profile of dynamic feature usage changed over the release history of PHP systems?
- Why has this changed? Why do we see features appear and/or disappear?
- Can we extract information (e.g., usage patterns) from this to help us build better program analysis tools?

# Setting Up the Experiment: Tools & Methods



#### Building an open-source PHP corpus

- Original corpus: 19 open-source PHP systems,
   3.37 million lines of PHP code, 19,816 files
- Select two systems: WordPress and MediaWiki
- Why these two?
  - Widely used, long release histories (2003 to now)
  - Study encompasses 93 releases of WordPress, 189 releases of MediaWiki, roughly 90 million SLOC



#### Methodology

- Scripted extract of releases from GitHub, all code parsed with an open-source PHP parser
- Dynamic features identified using pattern matching
- Raw numbers extracted to CSV files, trends computed with Rascal
- More in-depth explorations performed manually or using customwritten analysis routines
- All computation scripted, resulting figures and tables generated
  - http://www.rascal-mpl.org/



- Variable Constructs
- Overloading
- eval



- Variable Constructs
  - Lets you use variables instead of identifiers
  - Usable for variables, properties, class names, method and function names, etc.

```
$fields = array( 'views', 'edits', 'pages', 'articles', 'users', 'images' );
foreach ( $fields as $field ) {
    if ( isset( $deltas[$field] ) && $deltas[$field] ) {
        $update->$field = $deltas[$field];
    }
}
```



- Overloading
  - Handles access to undefined or non-visible properties and methods

```
function __call( $fname, $args ) {
    $realFunction = array( 'Linker', $fname );
    if ( is_callable( $realFunction ) ) {
        wfDeprecated( get_class( $this ) . '::' . $fname, '1.21' );
        return call_user_func_array( $realFunction, $args );
    } else {
        $className = get_class( $this );
        throw new MWException( "..." );
    }
}
```



eval

evaluates arbitrary PHP code

```
while ( ($line = Maintenance::readconsole() ) !== false ) {
    // elided...
    try {
        $val = eval($line . ";" );
    } catch (Exception $e ) {
        echo "Caught exception " . . . .
        continue;
    }
    // elided...
}
```

### Threats to validity

 Results could be very specific to either WordPress or MediaWiki



#### Threats to validity

- Results could be very specific to either WordPress or MediaWiki
- Mitigation: expanding to include other systems, plus results seem reasonable based on earlier work



### Interpreting the Results

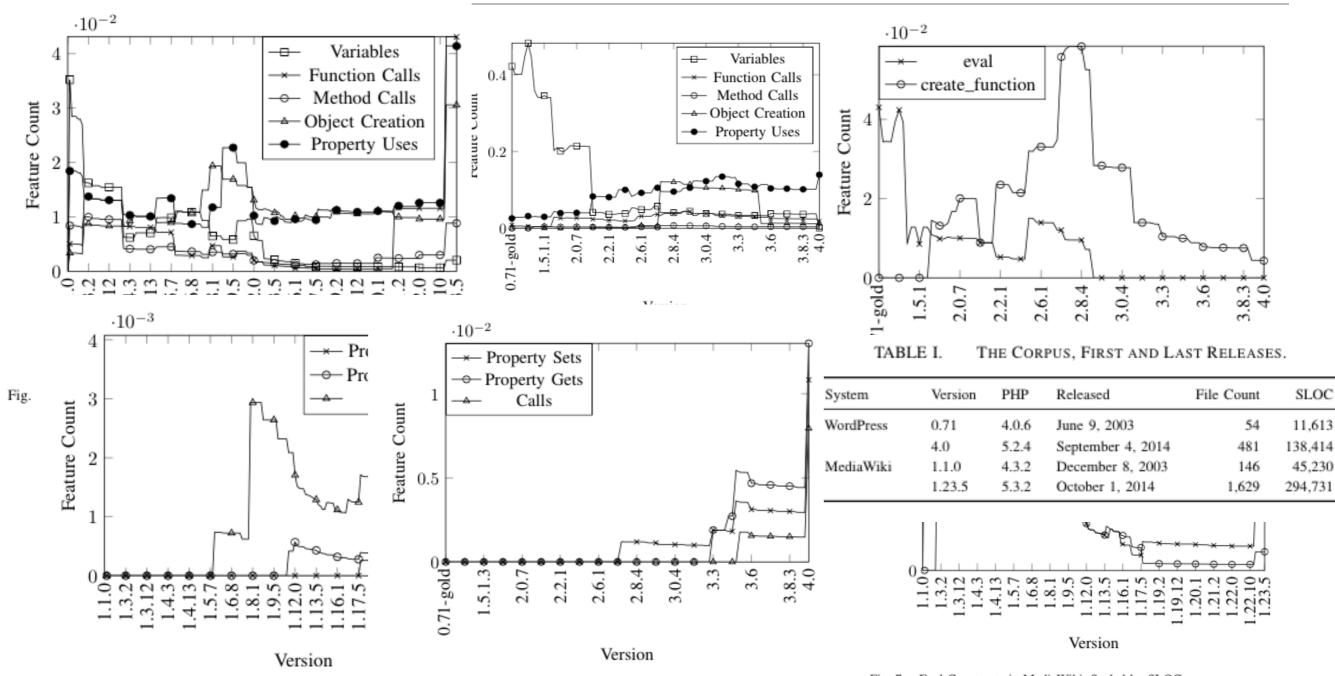


Fig. 5. Magic Methods in MediaWiki, Scaled by : Fig. 4. Magic Methods in WordPress, Scaled by SLOC.

Fig. 7. Eval Constructs in MediaWiki, Scaled by SLOC.



### Zooming in: Variable Features

- Variable properties are becoming more common (why? speculation:
   PHP is now OO, more code is moving to use OO features)
- Variable variables common in some systems, decreasing in others
- Differences in usage between different applications = no overall trend for many of these features
- There may be patterns we can exploit here for better precision...



#### A pattern example...

```
$fields = array( 'views', 'edits', 'pages', 'articles', 'users', 'images' );
foreach ( $fields as $field ) {
    if ( isset( $deltas[$field] ) && $deltas[$field] ) {
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}
```



## Zooming in: Overloading

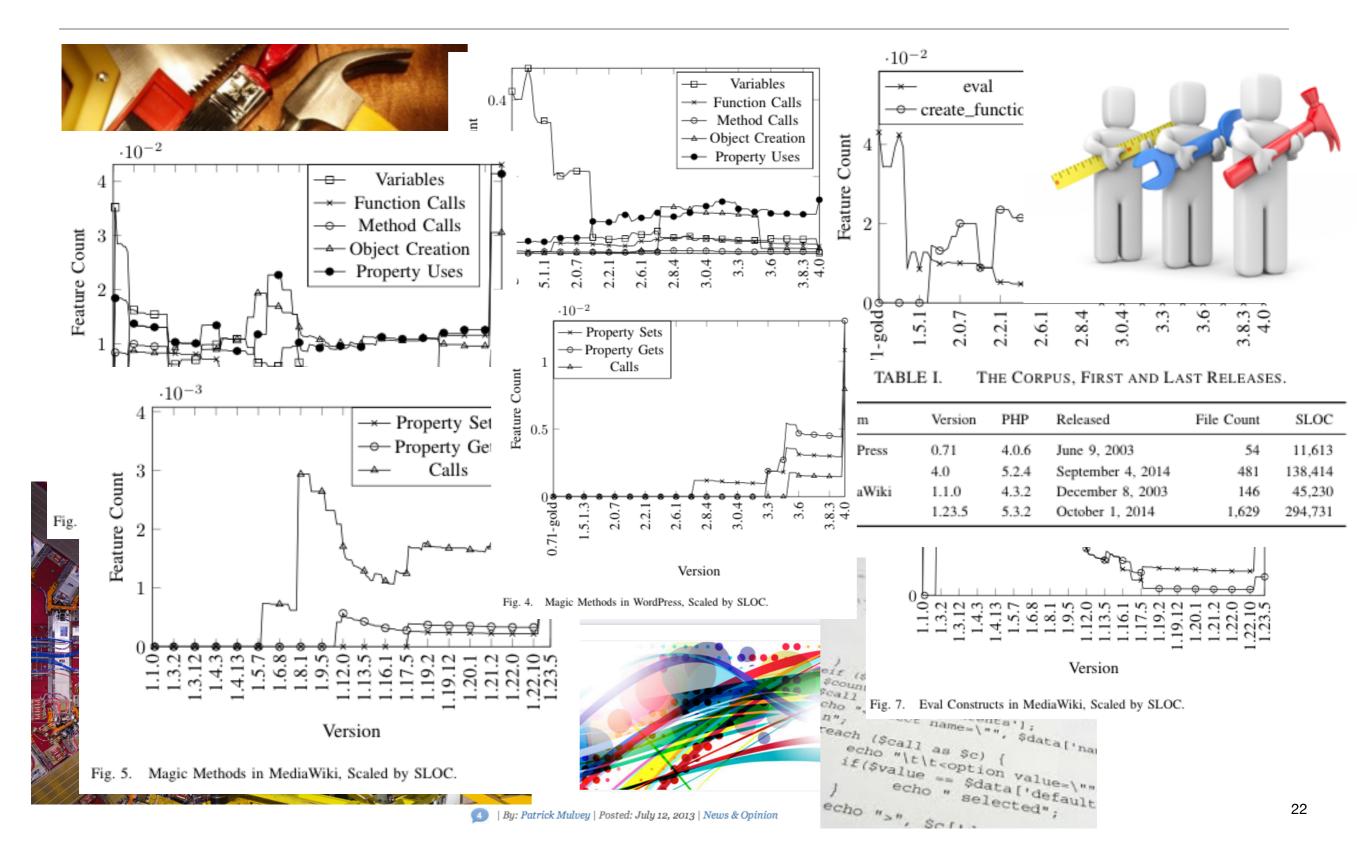
- Fairly stable in MediaWiki, with a spike at the end caused by a decrease in SLOC
- Increasing use in WordPress
- Still rare, but becoming more important
- Need type inference to really know impact: how often are these actually used? (we're working on this now...)



#### Zooming in: eval and create\_function

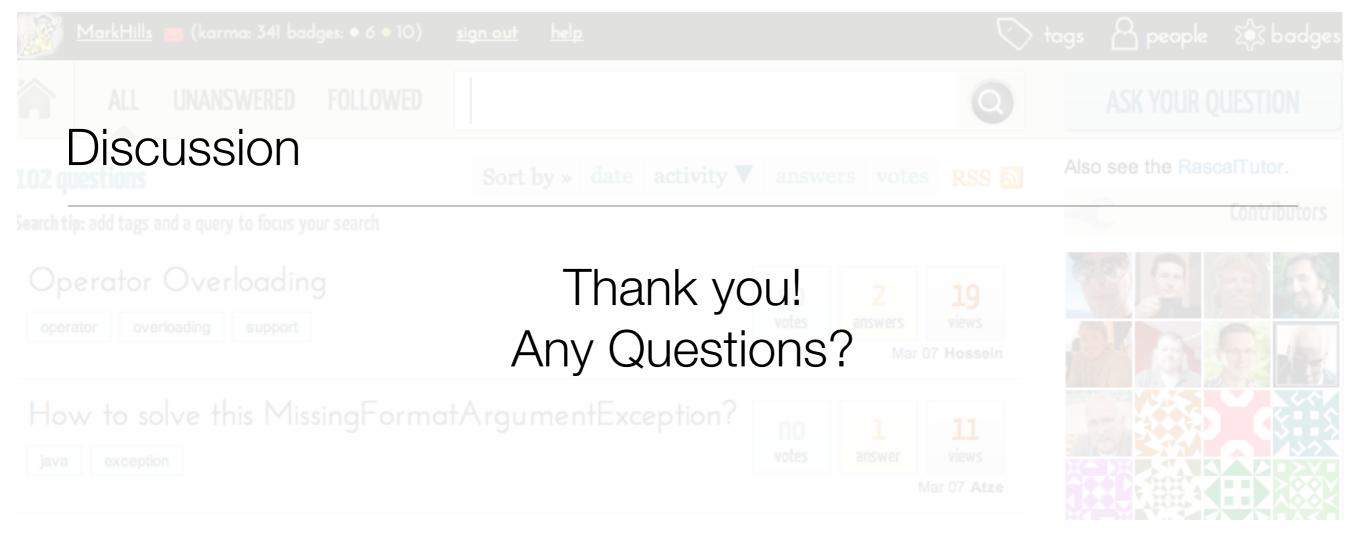
- Never popular, trend moving generally down
- Many uses replaced with callbacks (still dynamic, but less dynamic)
- Remaining uses in MediaWiki for admin, testing
- Libraries are important here too: PCLZip in WordPress was the source of most of the eval uses there...

#### Summary



#### What have we learned? What's left?

- Variable features need to be modeled, variable properties are becoming more common, patterns may help
- Overloads are still rare, but we need ways to detect where they are used
- Eval and create\_function are, thankfully, quite rare
- Future: need to expand the feature set and corpus
  - Non-covered variants, other dynamic features
  - Cover more systems, further expand corpus



- Rascal: http://www.rascal-mpl.org
- Me: http://www.cs.ecu.edu/hillsma

