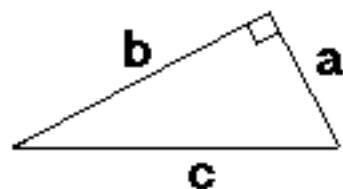
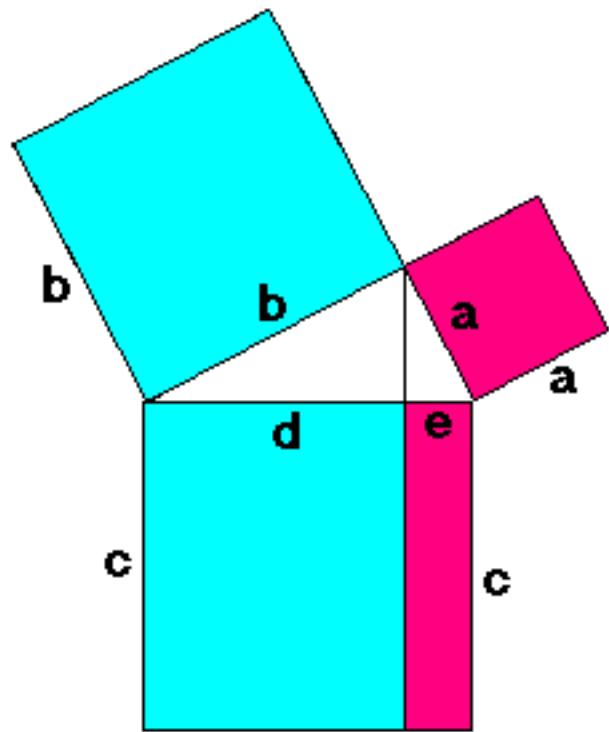


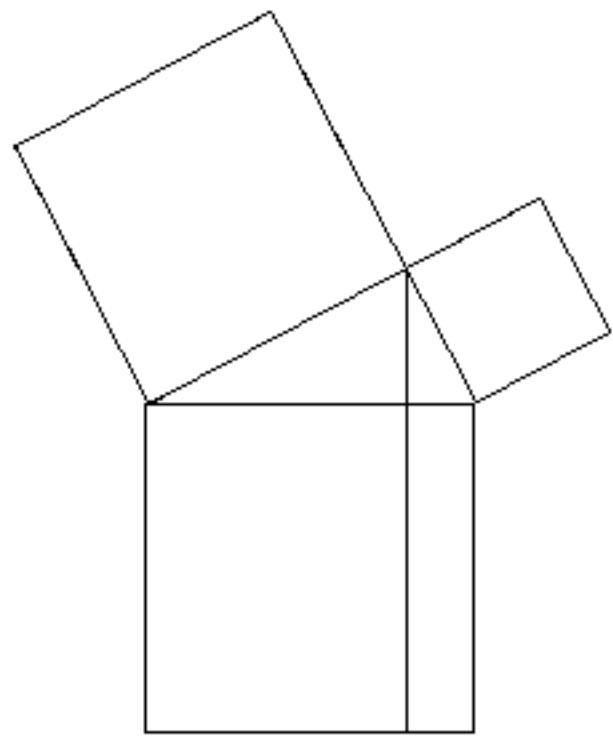
To prove: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

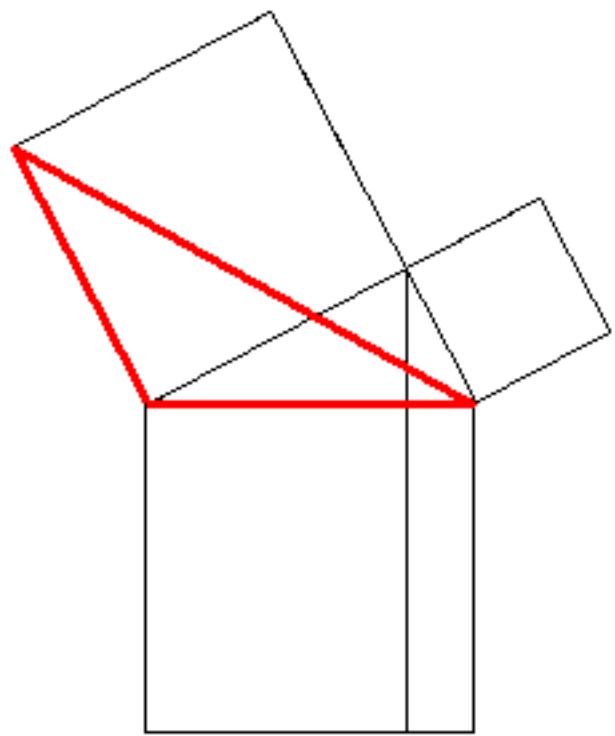


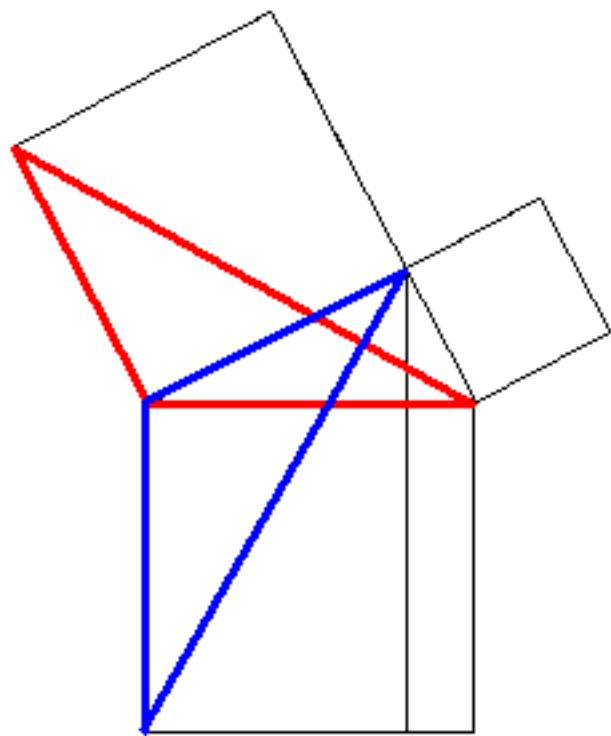


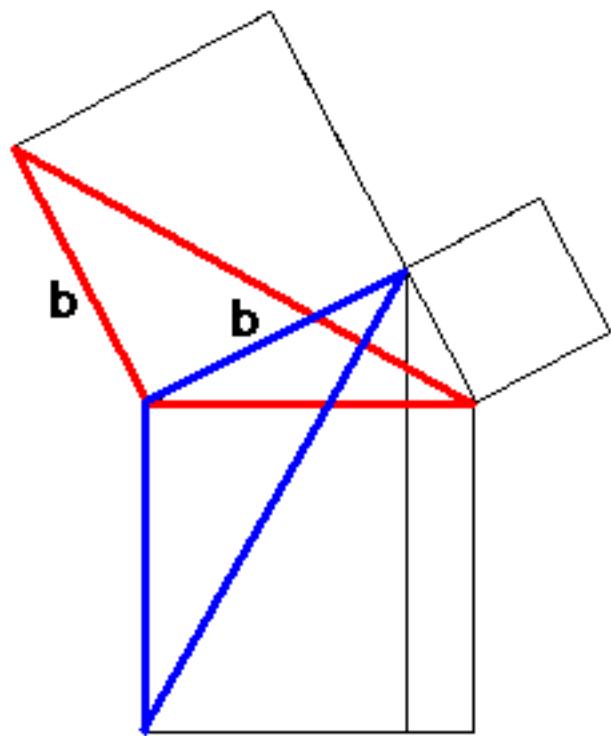
To prove: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

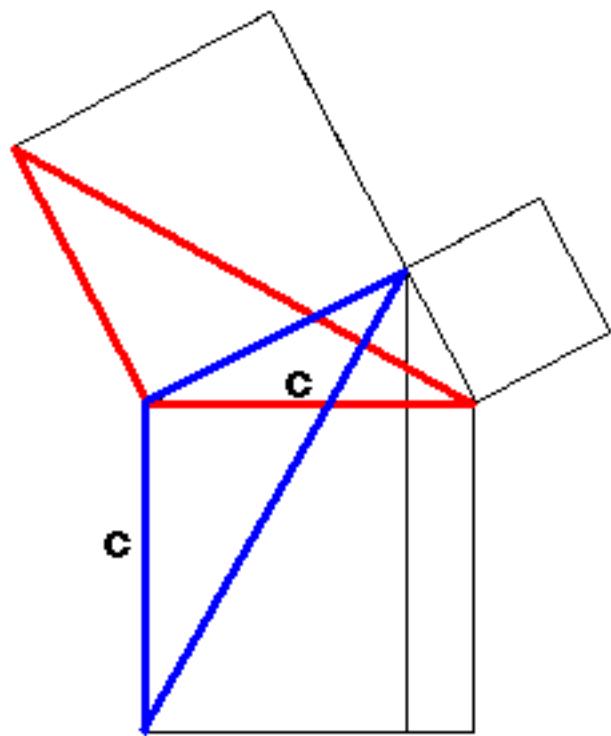
In fact, $a^2 = ce$
and $b^2 = cd$

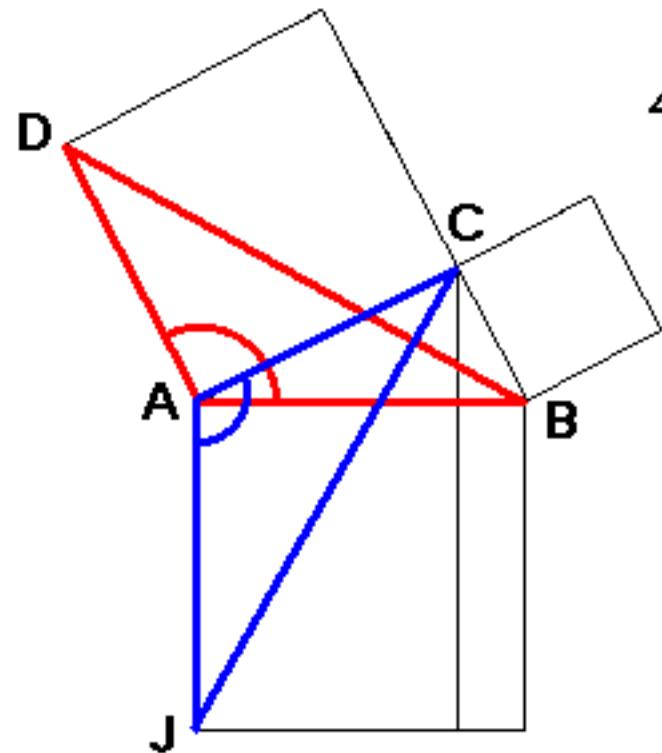






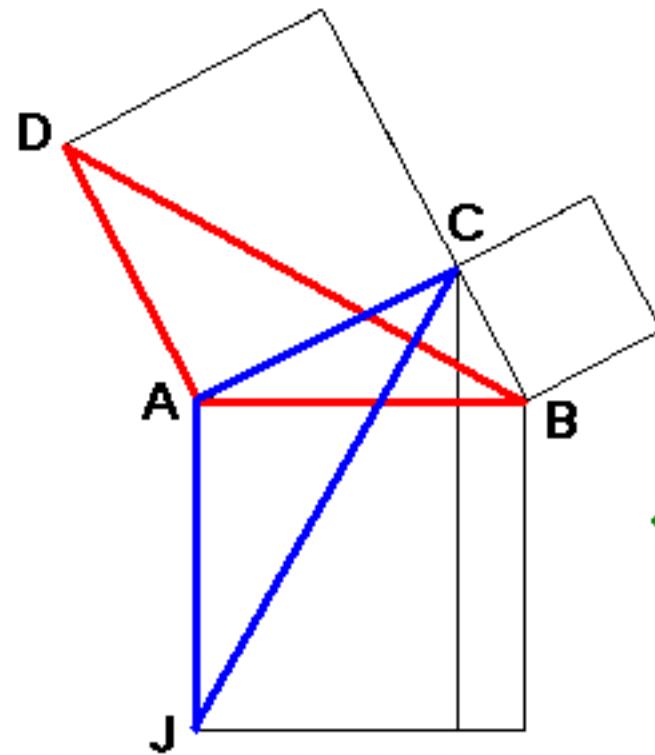




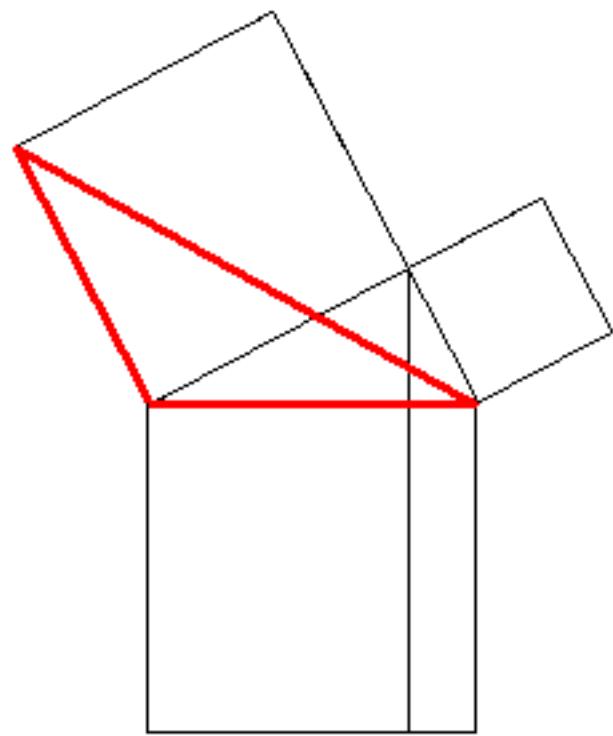


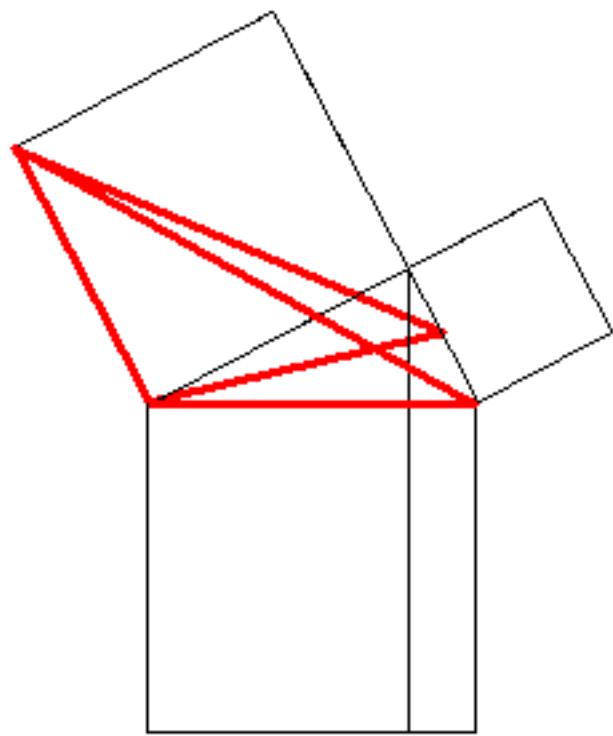
$\angle DAB$

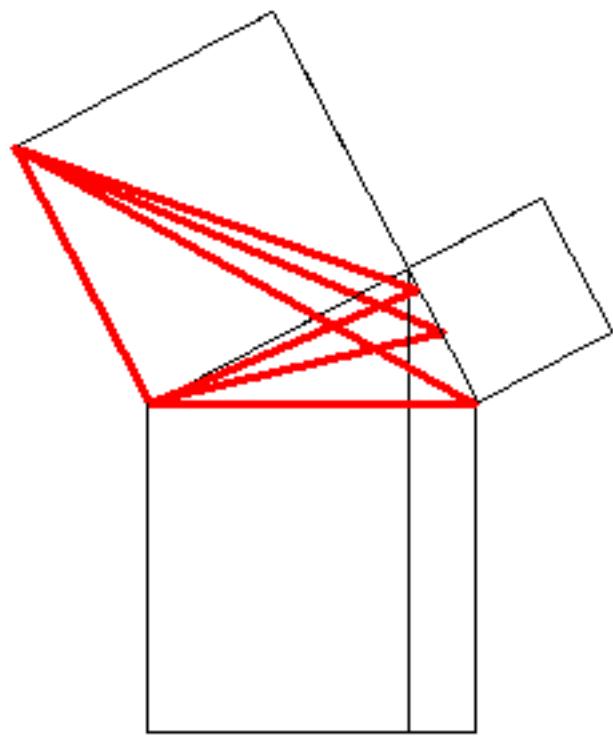
$$\begin{aligned}&= \angle CAB + \text{a right angle} \\&= \angle CAJ\end{aligned}$$

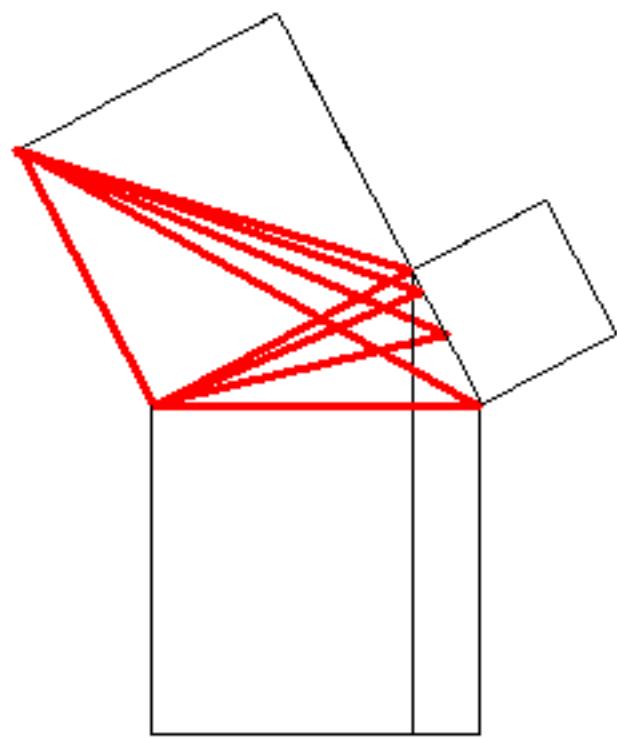


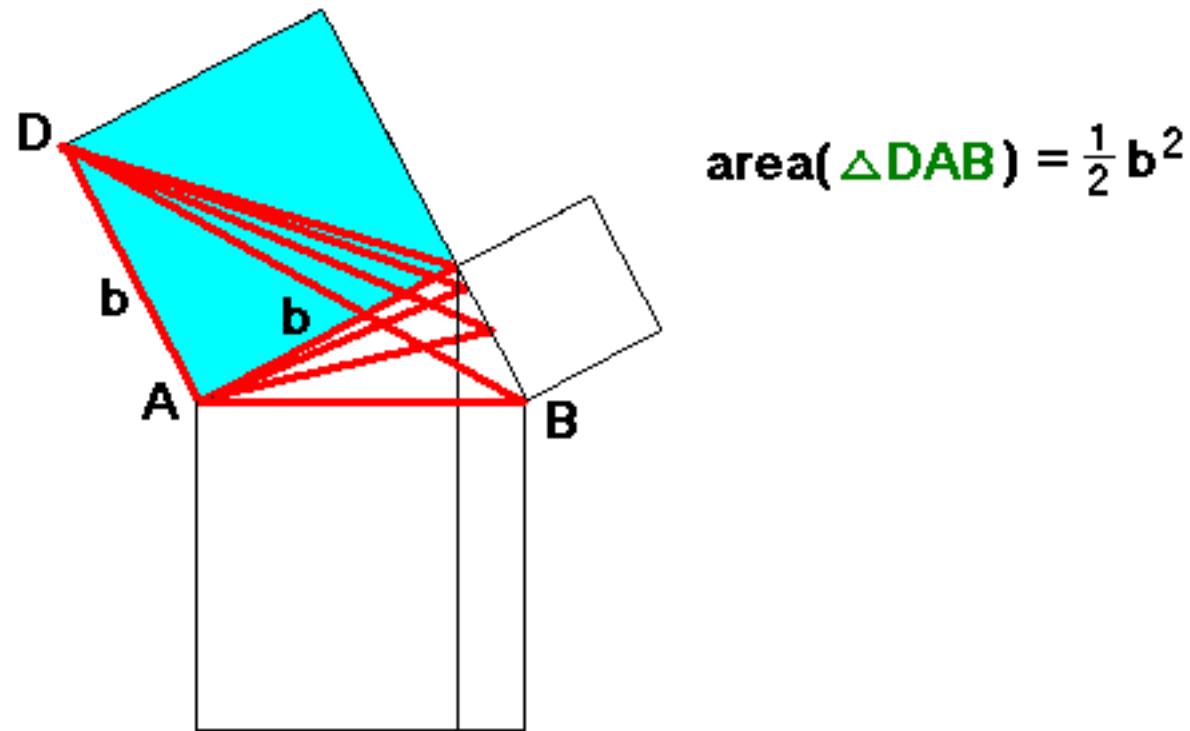
$$\therefore \triangle DAB \cong \triangle CAJ$$

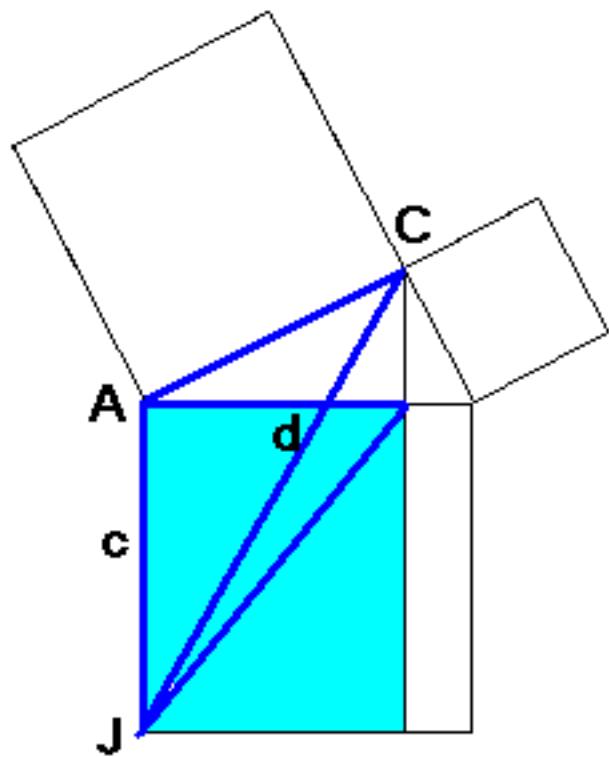




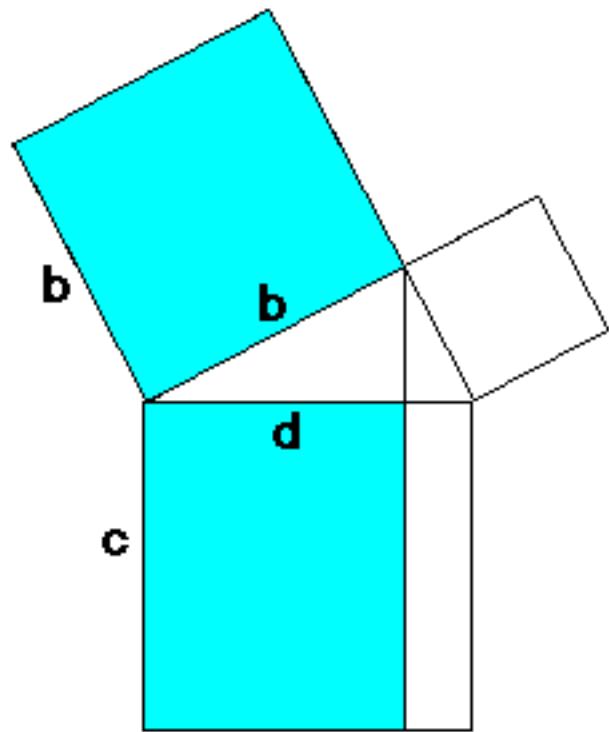








Similarly,
area($\triangle CAJ$) = $\frac{1}{2} cd$

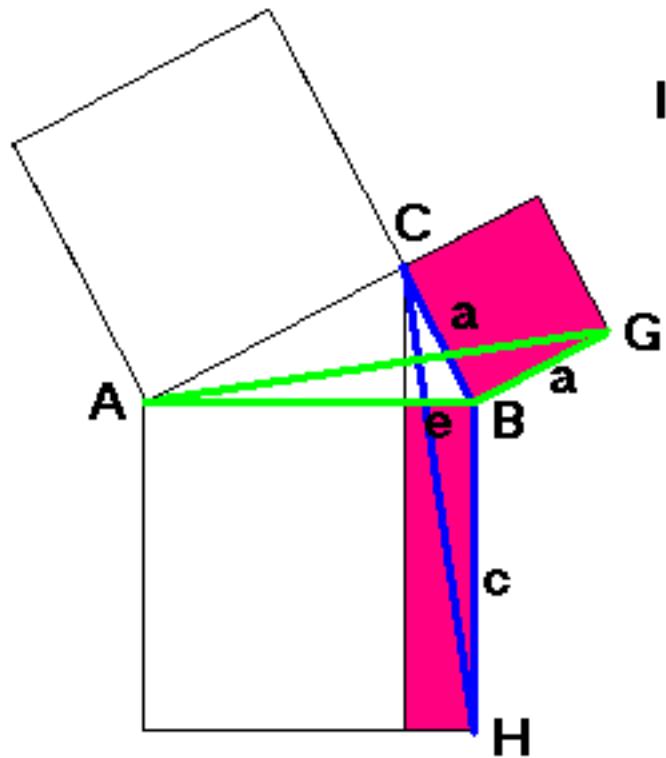


$$\text{area}(\triangle DAB) = \frac{1}{2} b^2$$

Similarly,

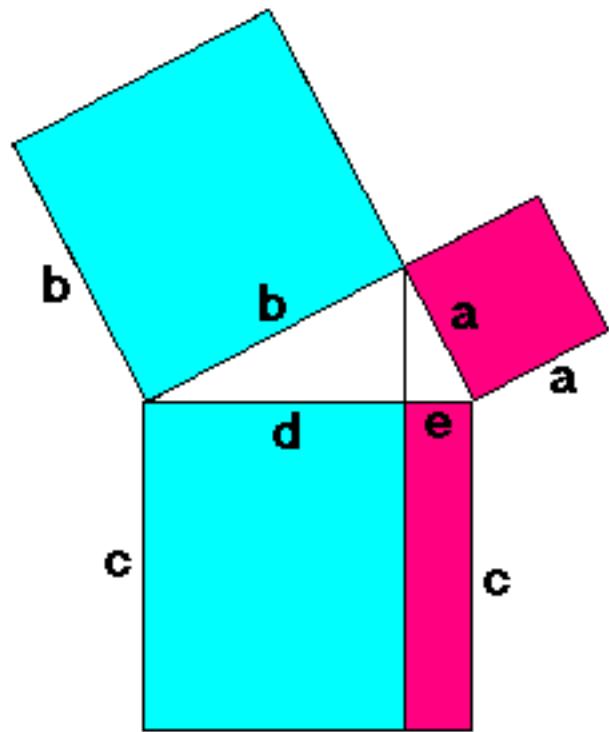
$$\text{area}(\triangle CAJ) = \frac{1}{2} cd$$

$$\therefore b^2 = cd$$



In the same way,

$$\begin{aligned}a^2 &= 2 \text{ area}(\triangle GAB) \\&= 2 \text{ area}(\triangle CHB) \\&= ce\end{aligned}$$



Therefore:

$$\begin{aligned}b^2 + a^2 &= cd + ce \\&= c(d+e) \\&= c^2\end{aligned}$$

QED!